PRACTICE PAPER - V

		MATHEM/	ΑΤΙ	CS					
1. The number of surjections from $A = \{1, 2,n\}$,			9. The locus of point z satisfying Re $(z^2) = 0$ is						
	$n \ge 2$ onto B = (a,b) is			(a) point of straight lines					
	(a) ⁿ P ₂	(b) $2^n - 1$		(b) circle	,				
	(c) $2^n + 1$	• •		(c) hyperbola					
2.		ets and set B has 4		(a) none of these					
	be defined from A to		10. If a ₁ , a ₂ , a ₃ are in G.P. with common ratio r, then value of a ₃ > 4a ₂ - 3a ₁ holds if						
	(a) 144	(b) 12		(a) 1 < r < 3					
	(c) 24			(c) r > 3 or r < 1	(a) none				
3.		defined by $f(x) = 10x - 7$.	11.	Let a, b, c be in A.P. a	1 - 1 = 1				
	If $g = f^{-1}$, then $g(x) =$		If $x = 1 + a + a^2 + \dots \infty$						
	(a) $\frac{1}{10x-7}$	(b) <u>1</u>		$y = 1 + b + b^2 +$, ∞				
	$\frac{(a)}{10x-7}$	10x +7	$z = 1 + c + c^2 + \dots \infty$						
	(c) $\frac{x+7}{10}$	/ch X 7		Then x, y, z are in					
	10	10		(a) A.P.	(b) G.P				
4.	-	ctive functions from set		(c) H.P	(a) none				
	A to itself when A contains 106 elements is			12. Let $S \subset (0, \pi)$ denotes set of values of x.					
	(a) 106	(b) $(106)^2$		1 81+1con x1+ cos2 x-1cos3 x1 +-	$\infty = 4^3$, then S =				
	(c) 106!	(d) 2 ¹⁰⁶		. π	(π 2π)				
5.		inverse if its domain is		(a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$					
	(a) [0, π]	(b) $\left[0,\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$		$(c)\left(-\frac{\pi}{3},\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$	(d) $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$				
	(c) $\left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$	(a) none	13.	. If log _x a, a ^{x/?} and log equal to	b are in G.P. then x is				
6.	If the area of the tria	ngle formed by points z,		(a) log _a (log _b a)	(b) log _a (log a)				
	iz and z + iz is 50 s	quare units, then IzI is		$(c) - \log_a(\log_a b)$	(<i>a</i>) log b				
	(a) 5	(b) 10	14.		10) + 1 = 0 has integral				
	(c) 15	(a) none of these		roots, then values of					
7.	. If area of triangle on	plane turned by number		(a) 10, 8	(b) 12, 10				
	z , ωz and $z + \omega z$ is	$4\sqrt{3}$, then Izl is	4.5	(c) 12, 8	• •				
	(a) 4	(b) 2	15.	. If (3x)* + (27 x 3 ^p = roots, then p is equa	15) x + 4 = 0 has equal				
	(c) 6	(d) 3		(a) 0	(b) 2				
				· · · •	• ,				
8.	The locus of point z	satisfying Re $\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = k$,		(c) $-\frac{1}{2}$	(d) none				
	when k is a non-real		16. The value of a for which $(1 - 2a) x^2 - 6ax - 1 = 0$						
	(a) starisht line		and $ax^2 - x + 1 = 0$ have atleast one root, in						

common are
(a) 0, $-\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{2}{9}$

(b) $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{9}$ (d) 0, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{9}$

(a) straight line

(c) an ellipise (d) a hyperbola

(b) a circle

- 17. There are m copies of each n different books in libaray. The number of ways in which one or more than one book can be selected as
 - (a) $m^{n} + 1$
- (b) $(m + 1)^n 1$
- $(c) (n + 1)^n m$
- (d) m
- 18. The number of ways in which one or more balls can be selected out of 10 white, 9 green and 7 blues balls, is
 - (a)892
- (b) 881
- (c)891
- (d)879
- 19. The number of all 3 elements subsets of det $(a_1, a_2, a_3.... a_n)$ which contains a_3 is
 - (a) nC3
- (b) n-1C3
- (c) n-1C2
- (d) none of these
- 20. The number of terms which are free from redical signs in expansion (y1/5 + x1/10)55 is
 - (a)5
- (b) 6
- (c)7
- (d) none of these
- 21. If sum of coefficient of (a + b)n is 4096, then greatest coefficient is
 - (a)924
- (b)792
- (c) 1594
- (d) none of these
- 22. 3rd term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{v} + x^{\log_{10} v}\right)^s$, x > 1 is 1000, then x is
 - (a) 100
- (b) 1000
- (c) 1
- 23. If A is square matrix of order n, then adj (adj A) is equal to
 - (a) IAIn A
- (b) IAIn-1 A
- (c) |A|n-1 A
- (d) |A|n-3A
- 24. If A is singular, then A adj A is matrix
 - (a) identify
- (b) null
- (d) none of these
- $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then A^n equals
 - (a) 2n A
- (b) 2n-1 A
- (c) nA
- (d) none of these
- 26. If $\begin{vmatrix} x^n & x^{n+2} & x^{n+3} \\ y^n & y^{n+2} & y^{n+3} \\ z^n & z^{n+2} & z^{n+3} \end{vmatrix} = (x y) (y z) (z x)$ $\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{z}\right)$, then n equals
 - (a) 1
- (b) -1
- (c)2
- (d) -2

- 27. The orthocenter of the triangle formed by lines xy = 0 and x + y = 1 is

- (d) $\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$
- 28. The area of figure formed by $ax \pm by \pm c = 0$
 - (a) $\frac{c^2}{ab}$
- (c) $\frac{c^2}{2ab}$
- (d) none of these
- 29. The equation $ax^2 + by^2 + cx + cy = 0$ represent pair of lines if
 - (a) c = 0
- (b) a + b = 0
- (c) c = 0 or a + b = 0(d) none of these
- 30. If an equilatual triangle is inscribed in circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, then length of each side is
 - (a) $\sqrt{2}a$
- (b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ a
- (c) $\sqrt{3}a$
- (d) none of these
- 31. The latus rectum of parabola whose focal chord is P S Q is such that SP = 3 and SQ = 2 is given by
- (c)
- (d) none of these
- 32. Find c such that straight line y = 4x + ctouches curve $\frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 = 1$ is
 - (a) 0
- (b) 3
- (c)2
- (d) Infinete
- 33. The eccentricity of the conic represented by $x^2 - y^2 - 4x + 4 + 4y + 16 = 0$ is
- (b) $\sqrt{2}$
- (c)2
- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
- **34.** If f(x + 2y, x 2y) = xy, then f(x, y) equal

 - (a) $\frac{x^2 y^2}{8}$ (b) $\frac{x^2 y^2}{4}$

 - (c) $\frac{x^2 + y^2}{4}$ (d) $\frac{x^2 y^2}{2}$

- 35. The period of $f(x) = \sin^4 x + \cos^4 x$ is
 - $(a) \pi$
- $(c) 2\pi$
- (d) none of these
- 36. Lt $\sqrt{x^2 + 1 1}$ is equal to
 - (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 1
- (d) 2
- 37. Lt $\left(\frac{x+5}{x-1}\right)^x$ is equal to
 - (a) e^{6}
- (b) e^{5}
- (c) e
- (d) 1
- 38. If $f(x) = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$, then f(x) is differentiable οп
 - (a)[-1, 1]
- (b) R [-1, 1]
- (c) R (-1, 1)
- (d) none of these
- **39.** If $f(x) = |x a| \phi(x)$, where $\phi(x)$ is continuous,
 - (a) $f'(a+) = \phi(a)$
- (b) $f'(a) = -\phi(a)$
- (c) $f'(a^+) = \phi'(a^{-1})$ (d) none of these
- 40. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 9}$ then $\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{f(x) f(4)}{x 5}$ equals
- $(b) \frac{4}{5}$
- (d) none of these

equals (a) 9(b) 4(d) none of these (c)36

41. If f(9) = 9 and f'(9) = 4, then Lt $\frac{\sqrt{f(x)} - 3}{\sqrt{x} - 3}$

- 42. $f(x) = \frac{x}{\log x}$ increase in the interval
 - (a) $(0, \infty)$
- (b) (0, e)
- (c) (e, ∞)
- (d) none of these
- 43. The maximum area of reactangle that can be inscribed in a circle of radius r is
 - (a) πr^2
- (b) r^2
- (c) $\frac{\pi r^2}{4}$ (d) 2 r^2
- 44. $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} dx$ is equal to
 - (a) $2 \sin x + \log (\sec x \tan x) + c$
 - $(b) \sin x$
 - (c) tan x
 - (d) $2 \sin x \log (\sec x + \tan x) + c$
- 45. $\int \frac{1}{x(x^n + 1)} dx equals$
 - (a) $\frac{1}{n} \log \left(\frac{x^n}{x^n + 1} \right) + c$ (b) $\frac{1}{n} \log \left(\frac{x^n + 1}{x^n} \right)$
 - (c) $\log \left(\frac{x^n}{x^n + 1} \right) + c$ (d) none of these

PHYSICS

- 46. The fact that light of transverse wave derives its evidence by the support from the observation that
 - (a) light waves undergo reflection
 - (b) light can be diffracted
 - (c) light travels in waves
 - (d) light shows polarizing effects
- 47. In a transverse progressive wave of amplitude A, the maximum particle velocity is four times its 'wave velocity, then the wavelength of the wave is
 - (a) $2\pi A$
 - (b) π A
 - (c) $\frac{\pi A}{2}$
 - (d) $\frac{\pi A}{4}$

- 48. If the coefficient of cubical expansion is x times of the coefficient of superficial expansion, then value of x is
 - (a) 3
- (b) 2.5
- (c) 1.5
- (d) 2
- 49. A body weighs 700 N on earth. What will be its weight in a planet having $\frac{1}{2}$ th of earth's mass and half of earth's radius ?
 - (a) 400N
- (b) 300N
- (c) 200 N
- (a) 100 N
- 50. A man fires a bullet standing between two cliffs. First echo is heard after 3 second and second echo is heard after 5 second. If the velocity of sound is 330 m/s. Then the distance between cliffs is
 - (a) 660 m
- (b) 990 m
- (c) 1320 m
- (d) 1950 m

51.	Find	the	total	displa	ceme	ent	of	а	body	in	8
	seco	nd si	tarting	g from	rest w	vith	an	ac	ccelera	atic	n
	of 20	cm	/sec2								

(a) 64 m

(b) 64 cm

(c) 640 cm

(d) 0.064 m

52. If a planet consists of a satellite whose mass and radius are both half that of earth. Acceleration due to gravity (g) at its surface should be

(a) 29.4 m/sec²

(b) 19.6 m/sec2

(c) 9.8 m/sec²

(d) 4.9 m/sec²

53. Speed of a ball of 2 cm radius in a viscous liquid is 20 cm/sec. Then the speed of 1 cm radius of ball in the same liquid is

(a) 80 cm/s

(b) 40 m/s

(c) 10 cm/s

(a) 5 cm/s

- 54. A source and an observer move away from each other, with a velocity of 10 m/s with respect to ground. If the observer finds the frequency of sound coming from the source as 1950 Hz. Then actual frequency of the source is (velocity of sound in air = 340 m/s)
 - (a) 2486 Hz

(b) 2132 Hz

(c) 2068 Hz

(d) 1950 Hz

55. Masses of three wires of copper are in the ratio of 1:3:5 and their length are in the ratio of 5:3:1. The ratio of their electrical resistance is

(a) 125:15:1

(b) 1:15:125

(c)5:3:1

(d)1:3:5

56. At a certain place, the horizontal component of earth's magnetic field is. $\sqrt{3}$ times of its vertical component, the angle of dip at that place is

(a) 75°

(b) 60°

 $(c) 45^{\circ}$

(d) 30°

57. A hollow sphere filled with water forms the bob of a simple pendulum. A small hole at the bottom of the bob allows the water to slowly flow out as it is set into small oscillation and its period of oscillation is measured. The time period will

- (a) first increase then decrease
- (b) remains constant
- (c) decrease
- (a) increase

58. A body of mass a moving with a velocity b strikes a body of mass c and gets embedded into it. The velocity of the system after collision is

(a) $\frac{a+c}{ab}$

(b) $\frac{ab}{a+c}$

 $(c) \frac{a}{b+c}$

(a) $\frac{a}{a+b}$

59. The speed of a boat is 5 km/hour in still water. If it crosses a river of width 1 km along the shortest possible path in 15 minutes, then velocity of the river's water is

(a) 1 km/hour

(b) 2 km/hour

(c) 3 km/hour

(a) 4 km/hour

60. The moment of inertia of a regular circular disc of mass 0.4 kg and radius 100 cm about the axis perpendicular to the plane of the disc and passing through its centre is

(a) 0.002 kg-m²

(b) 0.02 kg-m²

(c) 2 kg-m²

(a) 0.2 kg-m²

61. The angular velocity of second's hand in a watch is

(a) 0.82 rad/sec

(b) 0.105 rad/sec

(c) 0.21 rad/sec

(d) 0.052 rad/sec

62. A body radiates 5 W energy at a temperature of 400 K. If the temperature is increased to 1200 K, then it radiates energy at the rate of

(a) 419 W

(b) 405 W

(c) 210 W

(d) 80 W

63. Assuming earth to be a sphere of a uniform density. What is the value of gravitational acceleration in a mine 100 km below the earth's surface? (given R = 6400 k/m)

(a) 3.9 m/s²

(b) 9.65 m/s^2

(c) 7.75 m/s²

(a) 5.25 m/s²

64. A substance reduces to $\frac{1}{6}$ th of its original mass in 2 hours. The half life period of the substance will be

(a) 30 min.

(b) 90 min.

(c) 45 min.

(d) 60 min.

65. A block of mass 60 kg just slides over a horizontal distance of 0.9 m. If the coefficient of friction between their surfaces is 0.15 then work done against friction will be

(a) 79.4 J

(b) 97.54 J

(c) 105.25 J

(d) none of these

- 66. The mass of two substances are 25 g and 81 g respectively. If their kinetic energies are same then their ratio of their moments is
 - (a) 9:5

(b)7:3

(c)5:9

- (d) none of these
- 67. The speed of a wave in a medium is 650 m/s. If 4000 waves are passing through a point, in the medium in 1.67 minute, then its wavelength will be
 - (a) 25.16 m
- (b) 16.25 m
- (c) 32.50 m
- (d) 8.25 m
- 68. Bernoulli's theorem is based on
 - (a) conservation of mass energy and momontum
 - (b) conservation of momentum
 - (c) conservation of mass
 - (d) conservation of energy
- 69. A smooth inclined plane of length L having inclination 0 with the horizontal is inside a lift which is moving down with a retardation a. The time taken by a body to slide down the inclined plane from rest will be

(a)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2L}{(g+a)\sin\theta}}$$
 (b) $\sqrt{\frac{2L}{(g-a)\sin\theta}}$

(b)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2L}{(g-a)\sin 0}}$$

(c)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2L}{a\sin\theta}}$$

(c)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2L}{a\sin\theta}}$$
 (d) $\sqrt{\frac{2L}{g\sin\theta}}$

- **70.** A block is moving up at $\theta = 30^{\circ}$ with a velocity 5 m/s stops after 0.5 sec. then what is value of friction (µ)?
 - (a) 0.6

(b) 0.5

(c) 1.25

- (d) none of these
- 71. A planet of mass m moves around the sun of mass M in a elliptical orbit. The maximum and minimum distance of the planet from the sun are r, and r, respectively. The time period of the planet is proportional to
 - (a) $r_1^{2/5}$
- (b) $(r_1 + r_2)^{3/2}$
- $(c) (r_1 r_2)^{3/2}$
- $(d) r^{3/2}$
- 72. Let W be the work done, when a bubble of volume V is formed from a given solution. How much work is required to be done to form a bubble of volume 2V?
 - (a) 41/3 W
- (b) 21/3 W
- (c) 2W
- (d) W .

- 73. Two springs of spring constant 1500 N/m and 3000 N/m respectively are stretched with the same force. They will have the potential energies in the ratio of
 - (a) 1 : 2

(b) 1 : 4

(c)4:1

- (d) 2 : 1
- 74. The maximum energy in the thermal radiation from a heat source occurs at a wavelength of 11 × 10⁻⁵ cm. According to Wein's displacement law, the temperature of this source will be n times. The temperature of another source for which the wavelength at maximum energy is 5.5 × 10⁻⁵ cm. Then the value of n is
 - (a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) 1

- (a) 4
- 75. Intensity of X-rays depends upon the number
 - (a) positron
- (b) neutrons
- (c) protons
- (a) electrons
- 76. At 27°C temperature the kinetic energy of an ideal gas is E,. If the temperature is increased to 327°C then the kinetic energy will be
 - (a) $\frac{E_1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- (b) $\sqrt{2E}$
- (c) 2E,
- 77. The planet which is called twin of earth is
 - (a) pluto
- (b) mass
- (c) mercury
- (a) venus
- 78. A 5.5 metre length of string has a mass of 0.035 kg. If the tension in the string is 77 N. Then the speed of a wave on the string will be
 - (a) 102 m/s.
- (b) 77 m/s
- (c) 110 m/s
- (d) 150 m/s
- 79. When we touch the terminal of a high voltage capacitor, even after a high voltage has been cut-off. Then the capacitor has the tendency
 - (a) affect dangerously
 - (b) discharge energy
 - (c) restore energy
 - (a) both (a) and (b)

80. The capacitor of capacitance 4μF and 6μF
are connected in series. A potential difference
of 500 volt is 'applied to the outer plates of
two capacitor system. Then the charge on
each plate of each capacitor is numerically
(a) 6000 uC (b) 1000 uC

- (a) 6000 µC
- (b) 1200 μC
- (c) 12000 C
- (d) 6000 C
- 81. A 2Ω resistor is connected in series with $R\Omega$ resistor. This combination is connected across a cell. When the potential difference across 2Ω resistor is balanced on potentiometer wire, null point is obtained at a length of 300 cm when the same procedure is repeated for $R\Omega$ resistor, null point is obtained at the length of 350 cm, value of R is
 - (a) 5Ω
- (b) 3.33Ω
- (c) 4.6 Ω
- (d) 2.33Ω
- 82. The energy of an X-ray photon is 2 keV then the frequency is
 - (a) 3.2×10^{-6}
- (b) 5×10^{17}
- (c) 2×10^{17}
- $(d) 2 \times 10^{18}$
- 91. Ammonia and sodium hypochlorite reacts to produce
- (b) NH₂NH₂
- (d) NO

temperature of 27°C. The work done is 3 kJ. The final temperature of the gas is equal to $[C_v = 20 \text{ kJ}^{-1}]$ (a) 75 K

reversibly and adiabatically from a

- (c) 150 K
- (b) 225 K
- (d) 300 K
- 87. The alcohol manufactured from water gas is
 - (a) ethanol
- (b) methanol
- (c) isobutanol
- (d) butanol
- 88. A compound has C = 40%, H = 13.33% and N = 46.67%. The empirical formula is
 - (a) CH₄N
- $(b) C_2H_5N$
- (c) CH₂N
- (d) CH₄N₂
- 89. The sulphide ore of copper is concentrated by
 - (a) chemical method
 - (b) froth floatation method
 - (c) magnetic method
 - (d) none of the above
- 90. Le-Chatelier's principle is applicable to
 - (a) heterogeneous reaction
 - (b) homogeneous reaction
 - (c) irreversible reaction
 - (d) system in equilibrium

84. The dispersive power two lenses are in the ratio 3:4. If the achromatic combination of these two lenses is of focal length 60 cm, then the focal lengths of the component lenses are

- (a) + 15 cm and 20 cm
- (b) 15 cm and 20 cm
- (c) + 20 cm and 25 cm
- (d) 20 cm and + 25 cm
- 85. A cyclotron is operating at a frequency of 12×10^6 Hz. Mass of deuteron is 3.3×10^{-27} kg and charge on deuteron is 1.6 × 10⁻¹⁹ coulomb. To accelerate deuterons the magnetic induction of the necessary magnetic field is
 - (a) 0.016 tesla
- (b) 0.16 tesla
- (c) 16 tesia

to 6. (a) sin⁻¹ , $(c) \sin^{-1} (\tan \theta)$

(d) 1.6 tesla

CHEMISTRY 86. One mole of an ideal gas is allowed to expand

- (a) NH2OH
- $(c) N_2$
- 92. One gm of oxygen at NTP occupies the volume (a) 2.4 litre
- (b) 4.8 litre
- (c) 1.4 litre
- (d) 1.2 litre
- 93. P,O, is an anhydride of
 - (a) HPO₃
- $(b) H_3 PO_4$
- (c) H₂PO₂
- $(d) H_2 P_2 O_7$
- 94. Number of unpaired electrons in 1s2, 2s2 2p3 is
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2°
- (c)3
- (d)4
- 95. Normality of 0.3 M H₃PO₄ solution is
 - (a) 0.3N
- (b) 0.4N
- (c) 0.6N
- (d) 0.9N
- 96. When primary amine is heated with CS, in presence of excess of mercuric chloride, it produce isothiocyanate. This reaction is known as
 - (a) Hoffmann bromide reaction
 - (b) Carbylamine reaction
 - (c) Hoffmann mustard oil reaction
 - (d) Hinsberg's reaction

(a) Boyle

(c) Waage

98.	Which the metal show	s electrical conduction?						
	(a) graphite	(b) sodium						
	(c) potassium	(<i>d</i>) diamond						
99.	On heating one end of a piece of metal, the other end becomes hot because of							
(a) mobility of atoms in the metal								
(b) resistance of the metal								
(c) minor purturbation in the energy of the								
	(d) energised electrons moving to the other end							
100.	Nessler's reagent is							
	(a) CO ₃	(b) CO ₂						
	(c) NH ₄ +	(d) SO ₄						
01.	Benzene on oxidation	n with V ₂ O ₅ produce						
	(a) toluene	(b) benzaldehyde						
	(c) benzoic acid	(d) maleic anhydride						
02.	The most abundant n	netal in the earth's crust						
	is							
	(a) Al	(b) Na						
	(<i>c</i>) Ca	(<i>d</i>) Fe						
103.	During electrolysis to cathode are	the species migrate to						
	(a) cation	(b) anion						
	(c) both (a) and (b)	(d) none of these						
104.	.The number of σ aι 1-buten-3-yne are	nd π bonds present in						
	(a) 6 σ and 4π	(b) 6 σ and 6 π						
	(c) 7 σ and 5 π	(<i>d</i>) 7σ and 3 π						
105.	A solution pH2 has solution of pH6 is	higher acidity than a						
	(a) 100	(b) 1000						
	(c) 10000	(<i>d</i>) 100000						
106.	The most stable car	bonium ion ís						
	+	+						
	(a) C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂	(b) (CH ₃) ₃ C						
	+	+						
	(c) C ₂ H ₅	$(d) (C_6 H_5)_3 C$						
107.	Dehydration of alcoh	not is an example of						
	(a) redox reaction							
	(b) elimination reacti	on						
	(c) substitution react							
	(d) addition reaction							
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							

97. The law of equilibrium was first of all given by

(b) Guldberg

(a) both (b) and (c)

	7					
108. Total number of election of bromine will be	ctrons in all the p-orbitals					
(a) 7	(b) 9					
(c) 15	(d) 17					
109. Duralumin is an allo	by of					
(a) Al and Cu	(b) Mg and Cu					
(c) Al and Mg	(d) Al, Mg, Mn and Cu					
110. The metal that doe from an acid is	s not displace hydrogen					
(a) Al	(<i>b</i>) Ca					
(<i>c</i>) Zn	(<i>d</i>) Hg					
	es of oxygen obtained by mposition of 90 gm water					
(a) 2.5	(b) 5					
(c) 7.5	(<i>d</i>) 10					
of oxygen and hydrogen molecules at a total pressure of 740 mm. If oxygen is removed from the system then pressure will (a) become double of 740 mm (b) become half of 740 mm						
(c) become $\frac{1}{9}$ of 740 mm (d) remains unchanged						
113. The most acidic oxide is						
(a) MgO	(b) CaO					
(c) Na ₂ O	(d) Al ₂ O ₃					
114. Flux is used to rem	4 0					
(a) silica						
(b) metal oxide						
(c) silica and metal	oxide					
(a) impurities from						
	f thermodynamics is					
$(c) W = Q + \Delta E$	1 /					
116. Ionization consta	ant of acetic acid is					

 1.8×10^{-5} . The concentration of H * ions in

0.1M solution is (a) $1.8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ (b) 1.8 × 10⁻⁵ M (c) $1.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ (*d*) $1.34 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$

8			PRACTICE PAPER - V			
by (a) Molisch test	(b) bromo form test (d) iodoform test					
118. Difference in ₁₇ Cl ³⁵ (a) atomic number (b) number of neutronic (c) number of election (d) number of protections.	and ₁₇ Cl ³⁷ is of ron tron	 (b) Cataphoresis (c) Tyndall effect (d) None of the above 122. H₂ +Cl₂ → 2HCl, ΔH = -194 kJ. in the above reaction the heat of formation of HCl is 				
119. The enthalpy of com when 0.39 gm of 0 oxygen in an ope heat evolved is	bustion of C_6H_6 is -3250 kJ. C_6H_6 is burnt in excess of n vessel, the amount of (b) 12.36 kJ	(c) + 107 kJ	(b) - 97 kJ (d) - 107 kJ exidation state of the elements series is (b) + 3			
(a) 6.32 kJ 120. $C_6H_6CI_6$ on treatme (a) C_6H_6 (b) $C_6H_6CI_4$ (c) $C_6H_3CI_3$ (d) C_6H_6OH	(d) 20.74 kJ	(c) +4 (d) +6 124. The pH of pure water at 80°C will be (a) = 7 (b) < 7 (c) > 7 (d) none of these 125. Producer gas is a mixture of (a) CO + H ₂ (b) CO + N ₂ (c) H ₂ + N ₂ (d) CO + CO ₂				
	INTELLIGENCE, LO	GIC & REASON	ING			
126. If ZUBIN is coded will be coded as (a) NDISB (c) NDGSB	• •	131. Introducing a man, a woman said, "he is the only son of my mother's mother". How is the woman related to man? (a) mother (b) cousin				
127. ADHM: ZWSN:: (a) YURM (c) XUQL	CFJO : ? (b) WTPK	Directions (Q. 1 number in the ser				
	s, Vasant is taller than as tall as Raju. Jayant is	132.1, 2, 3, 5, 7 (a) 9	(b) 8			

taller than Dutta, but shorter than Manohar. Who is the tallest in the group: (a) Raju (b) Manohar (c) Vasant (d) Jayant 129. Engineer: Machine:: Doctor (a) disease (b) medicine (c) hospital (d) none of these 130. Q's mother is the sister of R and daughter of S, N is the daughter of R and sister of M. How M is related to S? (a) son (b) brother (c) daughter's son (d) data inadequate

ıg (c) 10(d) 13133. 4, 7, 11, 18, 29, 47,...., 123, 199 (b)70(a) 76° (c)84(d) 102Directions (Q. 134 - 135): Find out the wrong number in each case. 134.49, 56, 64, 71, 81, 90, 100, 110 (a) 56(b) 64(c) 71 (d) 81 135.5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 23 (a) 8 (b) 12(c) 15(d) 18

ENGLISH LANGUAGE & COMPREHENSION

Directions (Q. 136 – 139): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below in the passage. Certain words/phrases in the passage are given in bold to locate them while answering some of the questions.

The world of today has achieved much, but for all its declared love for humanity it has based itself for more on hatred and violence than on the virtues that make man human. War is the negation of truth and humanity. Sometimes, war may be unavoidable but its progeny are terrible to contemplate. Not mere killing, for man must die, but the deliberate and persistent propagation of harted and falsehood, which gradually become the normal habits of the people. It is dangerous and harmful to be guided in our life's course by hatreds and aversions, for they are wasteful of energy and limit and twist the mind, and prevent if from perceiving the truth.

- 136. War is the negation of truth means
 - (a) wars are evil
 - (b) wars do not exist
 - (c) war kills human beings
 - (d) wars spread and advertise falsehood
- 137. The world's declared love of humanity is
 - (a) not to be taken seriously
 - (b) non existent
 - (c) false
 - (d) true
- 138. According to the author the achievements of the world are not impressive because
 - (a) there is nothing much to boast of
 - (b) the world hasn't made any achievement
 - (c) they are mostly in the field of violence
 - (d) its love of humanity is a pertence
- 139. Man should be guided by
 - (a) materialism
 - (b) practical wisdom
 - (c) generous human feelings
 - (d) scientific discoveries

Directions (Q. 140 – 141): In each of the following questions, choose the word with similar meaning of the given word out of the given alternatives.

140. Hoard

- (a) Destroy
- (b) Hide
- (c) Divide
- (d) Store

- 141. Mere
 - (a) Empty
- (b) Only
- (c) Some
- (a) Complete

Directions (Q. 142 – 143): In the following sentences, choose the most appropriate preposition.

- 142. Students are laughing
 - (a) at
- (b) in
- (c) for
- (a) of
- 143. The valley was.....the hill.
 - (a) between
- (b) under
- (c) along
- (a) below

Directions (Q. 144 – 145): Choose the correct synonyms.

- 144. Stand by
 - (a) support
- (b) attacked
- (c) interrupted
- (d) started
- 145. Sets in
 - (a) attacked by
- (b) removed
- (c) reserved
- (a) begins

Directions (Q. 146 – 150): In the following questions, the first and the last parts of the sentences are numbered 1 and 6. The rest part of the sentence is split into four parts and named L, M, Nand O. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence and findout which of the four combinations is correct.

146.1: The next stop

L: lying in the centre

M : of a day

N: was a port

O: that our ship halted at

6: in South Wales.

- (a) LMNO
- (b) ONML
- (c) ONLM
- (d) NOML

147.1 : Many people

L: that the government can always payout money quite easily

M: that the government can only payout

N : seem to think
O : but they forget

6 : that it has received in taxes.

- (a) NLOM
- (b) LNMO
- (c) OMNL
- (d) MNLO

148.1 : Above all,

L: in the present age of light reading,

M: it is well if something heavier in

costnow and then

N: of reading hastily and thoughtless

O: that is

6 : into the midst of the reading public

(a) LNMO

MATHEMATICS

(b) MONL

(c) LONM

(d) LMNO

149.1 : Though the exact dimensions

L : involved in the rocket

M : and the precise amount

N: it is clear that such an operation

O: are yet to be ascertained,

6 : could not have been possible without the connivance of officials at various levels.

(a) LONM

(b) MLON

(c) NMLO

(d) OLNM

150.1: Inspite of repeated attempts,

L: in the dictionary

M : and finally had to ask his teacher

N: he could not locate

O: the strange-looking world

6: What is meant?

(a) NOLM

(b) LMNO

(c) MNOL

(d) OLMN

<u>ANSWERS</u>

MATHEMATICS										
1. (b)	2. (c)	3. (<i>c</i>)	4. (c)	5. (b)	6. (<i>b</i>)	7. (a)	8. (b)	9. (a)	10. (c)	
11. (c)	12. (<i>a</i>)	13. (a)	14. (c)	15. (<i>c</i>)	16. (0)	17. (b)	18. (<i>d</i>)	19. (c)	20. (b)	
21 . (a)	22. (a)	23. (c)	24. (b)	25. (b)	26. (b)	27. (c)	28. (b)	29. (b)	30. (c)	
31. (a)	32. (<i>c</i>)	33. (0)	34. (a)	35. (b)	36. (<i>a</i>)	37. (a)	38. (b)	39. (b)	40. (c)	
41. (b)	42. (<i>c</i>)	43. (<i>d</i>)	44. (d)	45. (a)						
PHYSICS										
46. (d)	47. (c)	48. (c)	49. (a)	50. (c)	51. (<i>c</i>)	52. (<i>b</i>)	53. (<i>d</i>)	54. (c)	55. (a)	
56. (<i>d</i>)	57. (a)	58. (b)	59. (c)	60. (a)	61. (b)	62. (<i>b</i>)	63. (<i>b</i>)	64. (a)	65. (a)	
66. (<i>c</i>)	67. (b)	68. (<i>d</i>)	69. (<i>a</i>)	70. (a)	71. (b)	72. (a)	73. (a)	74. (a)	75. (<i>d</i>)	
76. (c)	77. (<i>d</i>)	78. (<i>c</i>)	79. (a)	80. (b)	81. (<i>d</i>)	82. (b)	83. (<i>c</i>)	84. (a)	85. (<i>d</i>)	
CHEMIS	TRY	,								
86. (b)	87. (b)	88. (a)	89. (b)	90. (<i>d</i>)	91. (b)	92. (c)	93. (a)	94. (c)	95. (c)	
96. (<i>c</i>)	97. (<i>d</i>)	98. (<i>a</i>)	99. (<i>d</i>)	100. (<i>c</i>)	101. (<i>d</i>)	102. (a)	103. (a)	104. (<i>d</i>)	105. (c)	
106. (d)	107. (b)	108. (d)	109. (d)	110. (d)	111. (a)	112. (b)	113. (<i>d</i>)	114. (c)	115. (b)	
116. (<i>d</i>)	117. (c)	118. (b)	119. (<i>c</i>)	120. (c)	121. (b)	122. (b)	123. (b)	124. (b)	125. (b)	
INTELLIGENCE, LOGIC & REASONING										
126. (a)	127. (c)	128. (a)	129. (a)	130. (<i>d</i>)	131. (<i>c</i>)	132. (c)	133. (<i>a</i>)	134. (<i>c</i>)	135. (b)	
ENGLISH LANGUAGE & COMPREHENSION										
136. (d)	137. (a)	138. (<i>d</i>)	139. (c)	140. (<i>d</i>)	141. (a)	142. (a)	143. (b)	144. (a)	145. (<i>d</i>)	
146. (c)	147. (a)	148. (a)	149. (b)	150. (a)				,		